

Part II

(the student's version)

I

1. Read and translate the following words and word combinations:

Protective clothing, to take place, vital importance, environmental factors, wide range of locations, scientific examination, basic principles, to collect evidence, to take notes, vehicle crime, indoor crime scene, domestic dwelling.

2. Read and memorize the following words:

- 1) *Traces* – следы
- 2) *Evidence* – улика
- 3) *Dwelling* – дом, жилище
- 4) *Appropriate* – отвечающий требованиям; подходящий
- 5) *To contaminate* – загрязнять
- 6) *Focal point* – очаг, центральная точка
- 7) *To compromise* – негативно влиять на корректность
- 8) *Empathetic* – умеющий поставить себя на место другого; сочувствующий
- 9) *Scientific examination* – экспертиза
- 10) *Forensic* – экспертно-криминалистический
- 11) *CSI* – Crime Scene Investigation, зд. Crime scene investigators

II

3. Answer the following questions:

- 1) What kind of locations can the crime scenes be?
- 2) Who plays a principal role in obtaining evidence?
- 3) What are the parts of the full crime scene suit?
- 4) What should the police officer do at the crime scene?
- 5) Why does the crime scene need to be protected?

4. Put the correct word or word combination to complete the sentences:

- 1) The location where a crime took place can be full of physical evidence, which can link the crime to the criminal and ultimately assist the police in their investigation. This location is known as a _____.
- 2) The full crime scene suit, sometimes called a bunny suit, consists of _____ covers, _____, a _____ and a mouth guard.
- 3) The police officer should not disturb the crime scene and should instead set up a _____ to protect the evidence contained within.
- 4) Environmental factors may compromise the evidence. This is especially important in outside crime scenes, as factors such as _____, _____ and strong _____ can mean the need to collect the evidence faster than normal.
- 5) The crime scene investigator has a _____ in documenting the crime scene and collecting the physical evidence left during a crime.

III

5. Choose the right variant to complete the sentences:

- 1) In less / more serious crime such as car theft the CSI will focus their efforts on the point of entry such as a broken window.
- 2) Environmental factors may compromise the evidence / cordon.
- 3) The full crime scene suits will protect the CSI / police officers and ensure they do not contaminate the crime scene.
- 4) Crime scenes can be anywhere, indoors, outdoors, a business premises, domestic dwellings or vehicles and no two are ever the same / they are always the same.

6. Explain the meanings of the following word combinations:

Crime scene

Bunny suit

Police cordon

7. True or false:

- 1) From a second a crime is committed traces of the crime are left in the environment.

- 2) Before CSI even enter a crime scene they don't need a full set of appropriate protective clothing. _____
- 3) A path from the edge of the cordon to the focal point of the crime scene and in most cases stepping plates will be used along this path to preserve the end of the crime scene.
- 4) Time of day can also play a major role in how a crime scene is processed.
- 5) In indoor crime scene such as burglary, the CSI may have to speak to a criminal. In such cases they should be empathetic and have strong mind and will.

8. Put the sentences in the chronological order:

Crime scenes often occur outside and a police officer is usually the first person at the scene.

Documenting the crime scene will continue as they (CSI) start to collect the evidence.

From a second a crime is committed traces of the crime are left in the environment.

In some instances it may be advisable to preserve the scene until natural light is available.

The crime scene investigator has a key role in documenting the crime scene and collecting the physical evidence left during a crime.

The work of crime scene investigators, or CSI, is a key part of processing a crime and obtaining evidence.

Part III

Test

Choose the correct variant:

1) The work of the _____ is a key part of processing a crime and obtaining evidence.

- a) police officer
- b) divisional inspector
- c) operative
- d) crime scene investigator

2) The full crime scene suit, sometimes called a _____ suit, consists of boot covers, gloves, a hood and a mouth guard.

- a) fox
- b) bunny
- c) bear
- d) beaver

3) Crime scenes are very _____ and take place in a wide range of locations.

- a) specified
- b) interesting
- c) simple
- d) varied

4) In outside crime scenes factors such as rain, snow and strong wind can mean the need _____ or erect temporary structures to protect the evidence.

- a) to collect the evidence faster than normal
- b) to catch a criminal faster than normal
- c) to bring more policemen
- d) to find another way to catch a criminal

5) _____ can be anywhere, indoors, outdoors, a business premises, domestic dwellings or vehicles and no two are ever the same.

- a) criminals
- b) police
- c) crime scenes
- d) sheriff's office

6) *Crime scene* – _____.

a) a place that is being investigated by the police because a crime has taken place there.

- b) illegal activities
- c) the scientific study of crime and criminals
- d) someone who commits a crime

7) *Police cordon* – _____.

a) the local office of the police in a town or part of a city.

b) members of the police force.

c) a line positioned by police around a particular area in order to prevent people from entering it.

d) the official organization that is responsible for protecting people and property, making people obey the law, finding out about and solving crime, and catching people who have committed a crime.

8) The location where a crime took place can be full of physical evidence, which can link the crime to the criminal and ultimately assist the police in their _____.

- a)work
- b)job
- c)interrogation
- d) investigation

9) Bunny suit – _____.

- a)a jacket and trousers or a jacket and skirt that are made from the same material
- b)a piece of clothing for swimming
- c)an outer piece of clothing with sleeves that is worn over other clothes, usually for warmth
- d) a usually white garment that covers the entire body and is worn by workers to prevent contamination.

10) However in less serious crime such as car theft the CSI will focus their efforts on the point of entry such as a broken _____.

- a) window
- b)door
- c)trunk
- d)bonnet